



Indonesian Country Guide

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Tourist Entry Requirements

Australian ordinary passport holders visiting Indonesia as tourists for a period of less than 30 days can usually enter the country without a visa at major air and sea ports. The 30 day period of entry cannot be extended. Travellers should ensure that they have at least six months validity remaining on their passport (six months from date of departure is recommended), a return or onward ticket and over US\$1,000 in available funds. For a full list of air and sea ports that allow visa free entry and departure, please visit the website of the Indonesian Embassy listed below.

Travellers with a criminal history may be denied entry to Indonesia. Additional conditions may apply to minors. Travellers are recommended to contact an Indonesian mission on the details below for further information and to ensure their specific circumstances make them eligible enter Indonesia without a visa.

Current DFAT Travel Advice

The travel advice synopsis for Indonesia from The Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) is too lengthy to be reproduced here.

It currently advises Australians to exercise a high degree of caution in Indonesia at this time due to the high threat of terrorist attack. DFAT further advises travellers to reconsider their need to travel the provinces of Central Sulawesi and Papua.

All travellers to Indonesia are encouraged to read the travel advice in full, subscribe to updates to this advice and to register their presence in Indonesia at www.smarttraveller.gov.au.

Vaccinations and Health Precautions

The following information is intended as a guide only and in no way should it be used as a substitute for professional medical advice relative to a travellers individual needs and vaccination history. No guarantee is made as to its accuracy or thoroughness. For further information, please contact The Travel Doctor on 1300 658 844.

Vaccination against hepatitis A is recommended for travellers to Indonesia. Vaccination against hepatitis B, rabies (particularly if working with animals) and typhoid (particularly when travelling to areas with poor sanitation and hygiene) should be considered, especially by frequent or long stay travellers. Care with food and beverage selection is recommended. There is a medium risk of malaria in Indonesia; dengue fever and sporadic or limited transmission of the zika virus also occurs; thus insect avoidance measures and anti malarial medication may be necessary depending on your itinerary; pregnant women should consider postponing travel to Indonesia. Japanese encephalitis is present in Indonesia and vaccination should be considered by travellers spending more than four weeks in rural areas of the transmission zones.

Regardless of destination, all travellers should be up-to-date with their routine "background" vaccinations, including a recent annual influenza vaccination. Please consult a medical practitioner or contact The Travel Doctor for your specific risk to these preventable diseases and the appropriate avoidance measures. Australians travelling to Indonesia should ensure that they have adequate travel insurance to cover the length of their stay. Medications that are legal in Australia may be illegal in other countries. For further information on insurance, taking medication overseas, the zika virus and other issues please visit www.smarttraveller.gov.au/tips.

Indonesian Representation in Australia

Indonesian Embassy, Canberra	Indonesian Consulate, Sydney	Indonesian Consulate, Melbourne	Indonesian Consulate, Perth
8 Darwin Avenue YARRALUMLA, ACT 2600	236-238 Maroubra Road MAROUBRA, NSW 2035	72 Queen's Road MELBOURNE, VIC 3004	134 Adelaide Terrace EAST PERTH, WA 6004
Tel: (02) 6250 8600 Fax: (02) 6273 6017	Tel: (02) 9344 9933 Fax: (02) 9349 6854	Tel: (03) 9525 2755 Fax: (03) 9525 1588	Tel: (08) 9221 5858 Fax: (08) 9221 5688
Web: kemlu.go.id/canberra	Web: kemlu.go.id/sydney	Web: kemlu.go.id/melbourne	Web: kemlu.go.id/perth

Indonesia also operates consulates in Adelaide and Darwin. Please contact the Indonesian Embassy in Canberra for the contact details of these missions.



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Time Differences between Indonesia and Australia

Indonesia has 3 time zones. West (GMT +7, Sumatra, Java, Western Borneo), Central (GMT +8, Sulawesi, Nusa Tenggara, Bali, Eastern Borneo), and East (GMT + 9, Papua, West Papua, Maluku). Daylight saving is not observed. The following times apply to western Indonesian only. To calculate the time difference of the other time zones at 12 noon, subtract 1 hour from the Australian time for Indonesian Central time and 2 hours for Indonesian Eastern time.

Jakarta, 12 noon, Winter (Jun) = Perth 1pm; Darwin, Adelaide 2:30pm; Brisbane, Hobart, Melbourne, Sydney 3pm.
Jakarta, 12 noon, Summer (Dec) = Perth 1pm; Darwin 2:30pm; Brisbane 3pm; Adelaide 3:30pm; Hobart, Melbourne, Sydney 4pm.

Important Contact Numbers

Country Code for Indonesia: +62
National Prefix: 0
To Dial Australia Call:
001 or 008 followed by 61 <City> <Number>
Australian Reverse Charges Direct:
Indosat (not from payphones) 001 801 61
Travelex Card Services:
Call the US on 001 1 954 838 8294
Visa Global Assistance: 001 803 44 1600
MasterCard: 001 803 1887 0623
American Express Travellers Cheques:
001 803 44 0176
International Operator: 101 (from most areas).
Emergency Services:
Fire - 113
Ambulance - 118
Police - 110

These services may not have English speaking staff. To avoid delay it may be best to seek the assistance of a Bahasa speaker to call the emergency services.

Important Information to be Recorded

Travellers are encouraged to carry photocopies of all important documents separately to their originals, and to leave a set of these photocopies with someone in Australia. This includes those documents listed below.

Passports

Name: _____ Passport #: _____
Name: _____ Passport #: _____

Credit Cards

Name: _____ Institution: _____
Card Number: _____
Name: _____ Institution: _____
Card Number: _____

Travel Insurance

Name: _____ Institution: _____
Policy #: _____ Emergency #: _____
Name: _____ Institution: _____
Policy #: _____ Emergency #: _____

Australian Representation in Indonesia

Australian Embassy, Indonesia

Jalan Patra Kuningan Raya Kav. 1-4 Tel: (+62 21) 2550 5500
JAKARTA SELATAN 12950 (+62 21) 2550 5555

Web: www.indonesia.embassy.gov.au

The Australian Embassy is closed to the public. All consular services are delivered by appointment only.

Australia also maintains consulates in Makassar (Sulawesi) Tel: (+62 411) 366 4100, and in Surabaya (East Java) Tel: (+62 31) 9920 3200. Alternatively, Australians may obtain assistance by contacting the 24 hour Consular Emergency Centre in Australia on (+61) 2 6261 3305. Australians in Indonesia are encouraged to register their presence and contact details with the Australian Embassy in Jakarta, or online with the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade at www.orao.dfat.gov.au.



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Duty Free Allowances for Indonesia and Australia

Allowances when entering Indonesia:

Alcohol: 1 litre.
 Tobacco: 200 cigarettes or 25 cigars or 100g of tobacco.
 Other Goods: Up to US\$250 per person or US\$1,000 per family.

Allowances when entering Australia:

Alcohol: 2.25 litres.
 Tobacco: 25 cigarettes plus one open packet of cigarettes.
 Other Goods: Up to a value of \$900 (\$450 if under 18 years).

Minors may not claim alcohol or tobacco products. Further restrictions apply when entering/exiting Indonesia and Australia. Travellers are encouraged to familiarise themselves with these restrictions before crossing the borders of either country. For information on Indonesian customs visit www.beacukai.go.id, or for information on Australian customs visit www.border.gov.au.

Electrical Adaptors and Voltage

Electrical Socket type: European (type C).

Supply: 220-240 V, 50 Hz (same as Australia).

A voltage converter will generally not be required to use appliances designed for Australia.

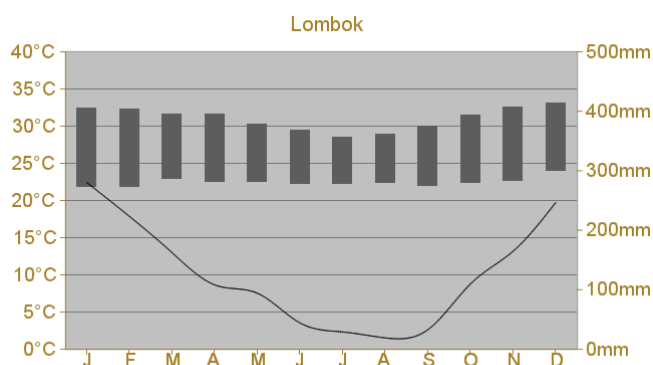
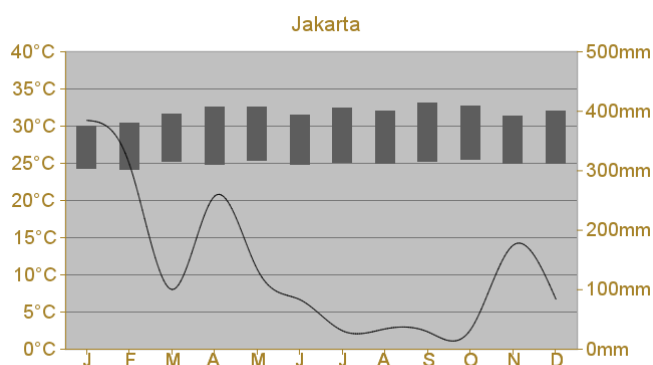
A socket converter is usually all that will be required for these appliances.



Indonesian Public Holidays 2018

01 Jan: New Year's Day	01 Jun: Pancasila Day
16 Feb: Chinese New Year	13-19 Jun: End of Ramadan
17 Mar: Balinese New Year	17 Aug: Independence Day
30 Mar: Good Friday	22 Aug: Feast of the Sacrifice
14 Apr: Ascension of Muhammad	11 Sep: Islamic New Year
01 May: Labour Day	20 Nov: Birth of Muhammad
10 May: Ascension of Christ	24/25 Dec: Christmas
29 May: Waisak Day	

Average Temperature (Bar) and Precipitation (Line) in Indonesia



For 5 day local forecasts please go to www.bbc.co.uk/weather.

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Exchange Rate with Indonesia

Interbank Rate

1 Australian Dollar (AUD) = 10,756 Indonesian Rupiah
 10,000 Indonesian Rupiah (IDR) = 0.93 Australian Dollars

Buy Rate

1 Australian Dollar (AUD) buys 9,778 Indonesian Rupiah
 10,000 Indonesian Rupiah (IDR) will cost 1.02 Australian Dollars

All rates were correct at a point in time on Monday, 05 Nov 2018. The "Interbank Rate" does not take into account any exchange fees, while the "Buy Rate" adds 9% to the exchange rate to simulate a typical margin paid when buying IDR notes in Australia. These rates have been rounded and should not be used when calculating transactions of large value.

Currency Cheat Sheet

Rp 5,000 = \$0.51 AUD	This cheat sheet uses the "Buy Rate" of exchange listed above.	
Rp 10,000 = \$1.02 AUD	Rp 100,000 = \$10.23 AUD	Rp 1 million = \$102.33 AUD
Rp 20,000 = \$2.05 AUD	Rp 200,000 = \$20.47 AUD	Rp 2 million = \$204.65 AUD
Rp 30,000 = \$3.07 AUD	Rp 300,000 = \$30.70 AUD	Rp 3 million = \$306.98 AUD
Rp 40,000 = \$4.09 AUD	Rp 400,000 = \$40.93 AUD	Rp 4 million = \$409.30 AUD
Rp 50,000 = \$5.12 AUD	Rp 500,000 = \$51.16 AUD	Rp 5 million = \$511.63 AUD
Rp 60,000 = \$6.14 AUD	Rp 600,000 = \$61.40 AUD	Rp 6 million = \$613.95 AUD
Rp 70,000 = \$7.16 AUD	Rp 700,000 = \$71.63 AUD	Rp 7 million = \$716.28 AUD
Rp 80,000 = \$8.19 AUD	Rp 800,000 = \$81.86 AUD	Rp 8 million = \$818.60 AUD
Rp 90,000 = \$9.21 AUD	Rp 900,000 = \$92.09 AUD	Rp 9 million = \$920.93 AUD
		Rp 10 million = \$1,023.25 AUD

Banknotes of Indonesia

The legal currency of Indonesia is the rupiah, which is abbreviated using the symbol Rp. The subunit of the rupiah is the sen, however it is of such small value that it is almost obsolete. The following units of currency are the most common however other units are also in circulation (including a Rp 1,000 note). Pictures are not to scale. As it is illegal in many countries to print copies of bank notes, travellers are advised to remove the below images before travelling.





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About Indonesia

Full Name: Republik Indonesia (Republic of Indonesia).
 Independence: Declared 1945, recognised 1949 (from the Netherlands).
 Size: 1,811,569 sq km (similar to Queensland).
 Population: 253 million (11 times larger than Australia, 4th most populous country in the world).
 Jakarta 9.1 mil; Surabaya 2.5 mil; Bandung 2.4 mil; Medan 2.1 mil; Semarang 1.3 mil.
 Religion: Muslim 86%, Christian 9%, Hindu 2%.
 Language: Bahasa (official) is the main language along with 735 local languages, English and Dutch.
 GDP Per Capita: US\$5,200 (Australia US\$43,000).

Significant Dates:
 200 BC-1500 AD - Trading routes bring Indian and Chinese culture, introducing Hinduism and Buddhism.
 1200's AD - Islam is introduced from trade with India, becoming the dominant religion by 1600.
 1600's - Dutch and other Europeans begin to colonise Indonesia as part of the spice trade.
 1670-1949 - The Netherlands unifies the archipelago under the title of the Dutch East Indies.
 1942-45 - Japan occupies the islands during WWII.
 1945-49 - Indonesia gains independence after armed struggle. Sukarno declared president.
 1967-1998 - Presidency of General Suharto.
 1999 - First free parliamentary elections since 1955.
 2004 - Indian Ocean tsunami kills more than 220,000.

